

# ProMTag Intact Universal Protein Cleanup (ProMTag-Intact) Guide

For extraction and cleanup of intact protein samples compatible with mass spectrometry or other downstream applications

Protocol optimized for 1-40 µg protein

## Contents

<b><u>Kit component</u></b>	<b><u>Quantity</u></b>	<b><u>Storage</u></b>
Lysis buffer (LB)	30 mL	RT
ProMTag	35 µL	-20°C
DTT	50 µL	-20°C
IAA	8 x 20 µL	4°C
Wash buffer 1 (WB1)	8 mL	4°C
Wash buffer 2 (WB2)	8 mL	4°C
10X elution buffer (EB)	1 mL	4°C
ProMTag capture resin	400 µL	4°C
2 mL waste collection tube	8 tubes	4°C
1.5 mL low protein binding tube	16 tubes	4°C
0.5 mL Resin Capture tube (RC-tube)	8 tubes	4°C

RT- room temperature

## Storage

Store the entire kit at 4°C, EXCEPT: Lysis Buffer, store at room temperature; and DTT and ProMTag, store at -20°C. We recommend using your kit within 6 months of receiving it.

## Safety

Always protect yourself appropriately when working with chemicals. This includes, but is not limited to, utilizing an appropriate lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective eye goggles. For more information, please consult the appropriate Safety Data Sheets. These are available online at <https://www.impactproteomics.com/resources>.

ProMTag, WB1, and WB2 contain various amounts of acetonitrile. Please dispose of these appropriately and avoid open flames.

EB contains formic acid. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated garments and rinse skin thoroughly with water. If eye contact occurs, remove contact lenses if applicable and rinse thoroughly with water.

## Equipment and reagents you will need before you start

- Protein sample, cell lysate, or protein source
- Pipettes and pipette tips
- Benchtop centrifuge (mini or full size)
- Sample rotator (rotisserie or carousel)
- Heating block
- Vortex
- Ultrapure deionized water
- Optional: urea, thiourea, detergent (SDS, CHAPS, IGEPAL CA-630, etc.), salt, EDTA, DTT, 2-mercaptoethanol, or any other desired components to add to 10X EB depending on the downstream application.

## Cell lysis and preparation of the biological sample for ProMTag-Intact processing

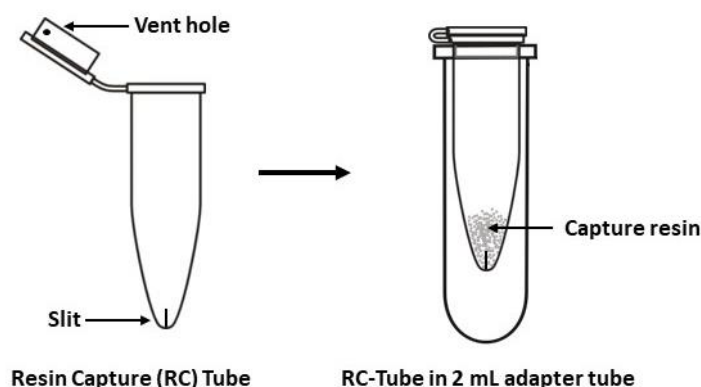
No matter the biological source, the ProMTag Intact Universal Protein Cleanup Kit will work to separate proteins from any other undesirable biologics. For the best results, cell lysis must be as thorough as possible. The lysis buffer included with the kit is compatible with most lysis methods, but other lysis buffers are also compatible with ProMTag Protein Cleanup kits.

You can use your own lysis buffer **as long as it does not contain TRIS (or any other buffer with primary amines) and is ~pH 8.0**. If your lysis technique uses TRIS, we recommend switching to 100 mM HEPES pH 8.0. If you need advice on lysis for your particular sample, we are available to help. Simply email us at [info@impactproteomics.com](mailto:info@impactproteomics.com).

If your lysis buffer does not contain a strong denaturant such as high concentration SDS, we **highly** recommend using a protease inhibitor in your lysis buffer to prevent protein degradation. Note that certain protease inhibitors contain primary amines; we recommend using a combination of pepstatin, leupeptin, and PMSF.

### Other notes to consider before you begin

- The RC-tubes have two features that distinguish them from typical spin columns: a fine slit to retain resin instead of a frit, and a hole in the rim of the cap to prevent loss of liquid when closing the tubes.
- Avoid touching the bottom of the RC-tubes. Keep the RC-tube in a waste tube or a low protein binding tube when incubating or vortexing, except when mixing on a rotisserie.
  - a. We recommend briefly vortexing or tapping the RC-tubes at multiple points throughout the protocol to aid in resuspension of the resin. **Never vortex the RC-tube alone**. Always vortex by placing the RC-tube in a 1.5 mL or 2 mL tube as an adapter to avoid touching the bottom of the RC-tube.
- We do not recommend pipetting to mix at any stage where the resin is present, as the resin will stick to the tip and result in suboptimal yield.



- All centrifugation steps may be performed on a benchtop centrifuge at room temperature.
- For best results, keep the resin suspended during all incubation steps. This can be done using a 360° rotisserie (recommended) or a carousel. We do not recommend shaking or vortexing to keep the resin suspended, but if you do, use **gentle** agitation.
- Elution buffer options: This kit includes a concentrated 10X elution buffer which can be modified depending on the downstream application:
  - a. For mass spectrometry, dilute 10X EB to 1X with ultrapure deionized water. This 1X EB is compatible with mass spectrometry but will produce lower yields than a detergent-containing elution buffer.
  - b. For non-mass spectrometry applications, the 10X EB can be supplemented as desired. The only limitation is that the final 1X EB must remain acidic. The following are common EB supplements for various applications:
    - i. Detergents (SDS, CHAPS, IGEPAL CA-630, etc.) to a final concentration of 1%
    - ii. Urea to a final concentration of up to 8 M
    - iii. Thiourea to a final concentration of up to 2 M
    - iv. Salt to a final concentration of up to 1 M
    - v. EDTA
    - vi. DTT or 2-mercaptoethanol

# Protocol for protein sample extraction, cleanup, and digestion using the ProMTag-Intact kit

- Before you begin: Read the notes on page 4 regarding elution buffers and prepare 1X EB with any desired supplements from the provided 10X EB stock.

## Reduction and Alkylation

- Note: Skip Steps 2-4 (Reduction and Alkylation) and resume at Step 5 if cleaned-up proteins are not going to be used for mass spectrometry
1. Add 1-40  $\mu\text{g}$  of protein sample in lysis buffer (LB) to a low protein binding tube provided with the kit. If the sample volume is less than 18  $\mu\text{L}$ , bring the final volume up to 18  $\mu\text{L}$  using the provided LB.
    - a. If using a lysis buffer other than the one included with the kit, ensure you first read our note regarding lysis buffers on Page 3.
    - b. If the sample is dilute, a larger starting volume can be used. We recommend keeping the input volume at or under 40  $\mu\text{L}$
  2. Add 2  $\mu\text{L}$  DTT and incubate at 56°C for 30 minutes.
    - a. The first time using the kit, resuspend the provided DTT in 50  $\mu\text{L}$  water. Store resuspended DTT at -20°C.
    - b. If your input volume was more than 18  $\mu\text{L}$ , scale up the amount of DTT and IAA used. The DTT should be diluted to 1X from the 10X stock and an equal volume of IAA should be used in step 4.
  3. During step 2 incubation, resuspend one tube of IAA in 20  $\mu\text{L}$  water. Vortex or pipet thoroughly to mix.
    - a. The kit contains 8 tubes of IAA to allow use of a fresh tube with each sample. If multiple samples are being processed together, you may not use all 8 tubes of IAA.
  4. Add 2  $\mu\text{L}$  IAA and incubate at room temperature in the dark for 30 minutes.

## Protein labeling with ProMTag and binding to ProMTag capture resin

5. Add 3.4  $\mu\text{L}$  ProMTag and pipette up and down or vortex briefly to mix. Spin briefly to collect the sample at the bottom of the tube if necessary.

6. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
7. During the last 5-10 minutes of Step 6 incubation, prepare the ProMTag capture resin for use.
  - a. Vortex the ProMTag capture resin to thoroughly resuspend.
  - b. Place a RC-tube into a 2 mL waste collection tube and pipette 40  $\mu$ L of ProMTag capture resin into the RC-tube.
    - i. We recommend using wide-bore pipette tips to pipette the resin if available.
  - c. Add 200  $\mu$ L of ultrapure deionized water.
  - d. Spin briefly (~2-6 seconds) in a benchtop centrifuge until all of the liquid has passed into the waste collection tube. The resin will be bright white when it is dry. Discard the flowthrough and tap the waste tube on a paper towel to avoid carryover.
8. Once steps 6 and 7 are complete, add LB to bring the tagged protein sample from step 6 to 40  $\mu$ L.
  - a. If you started with 18  $\mu$ L and followed the instructions above, add 14.6  $\mu$ L LB. If your sample is over 40  $\mu$ L, skip this step.
9. Add the tagged protein sample to the capture resin. Be sure to pipette your sample directly onto the capture resin. Tap the RC-tube gently to mix.
10. Incubate the RC-tube at room temperature with gentle rotation for 15 minutes.
  - a. We recommend using a rotisserie to keep the resin suspended, but other methods can be used so long as they are gentle (no harsh shaking).
  - b. As the reaction proceeds, the pink solution should turn colorless. If the sample is still pink after 15 minutes, allow it to continue incubating for another 5 minutes.

## ProMTag capture resin washing and protein release

11. Place the RC-tube back into the waste collection tube. Add 200  $\mu$ L WB1 to the sample. Spin briefly (~2-6 seconds) in a benchtop centrifuge until all of the liquid has passed into the waste collection tube. Discard the flowthrough and tap the waste tube on a paper towel to avoid carryover.
  - a. Note: If you started with a dilute lysate (if your lysate input was more than 40  $\mu$ L) we recommend adding a brief vortex of ~1 second after each addition of WB. Reminder: Never vortex the RC-tube alone. Always vortex by placing the RC-tube in a 2 mL waste tube as an adapter to avoid touching the bottom of the RC-tube.
12. Add 200  $\mu$ L WB2 to the sample. Spin briefly (~2-6 seconds) in a benchtop centrifuge until all of the liquid has passed into the waste collection tube. Discard the flowthrough and tap the waste tube on a paper towel to avoid carryover.
13. Repeat step 12 one more time.

- a. If your starting sample was dilute and you added more than 40  $\mu\text{L}$  of lysate to the capture resin, we recommend doing a third wash with WB2.
- 14.** Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  ultrapure deionized water to the sample. Spin briefly (~2-6 seconds) in a benchtop centrifuge until all the liquid has passed into the waste collection tube. Discard the flowthrough and tap the waste tube on a paper towel to avoid carryover.
  - a. Resin may stick along the sides of the RC-tube after this wash. This is normal.
- 15.** Repeat step 14 one more time.
- 16.** Add 40  $\mu\text{L}$  1X EB (prepared according to notes on page 4) directly to the capture resin. Tap the tube gently if necessary to ensure the capture resin is fully immersed in EB.
  - a. From this stage until elution **do not** centrifuge the sample to bring the liquid back to the bottom of the tube, as doing so will result in loss of proteins or peptides.
- 17.** Incubate the RC-tube at room temperature with gentle rotation for 15 minutes.
- 18.** Transfer the RC-tube to a provided low protein binding tube.
- 19.** Spin briefly (~2-6 seconds) in a benchtop centrifuge until all the liquid has passed into the low protein binding tube. **DO NOT DISCARD THE FLOWTHROUGH.**
- 20.** Add 40  $\mu\text{L}$  1X EB to the capture resin and tap to mix.
- 21.** Incubate the RC-tube at room temperature with gentle rotation for 5 minutes.
- 22.** Return the RC-tube to the same low protein binding tube from step 19. Spin briefly (~5-10 seconds) until all of the liquid has passed into the low protein binding tube.
- 23.** Concentrate the protein sample by drying in a vacuum concentrator if desired.

# Quick start guide for ProMTag-Intact

This abbreviated guide is intended for users familiar with the ProMTag-Intact protocol. We highly recommend first time users follow the full-length guide.

Prior to starting: Prepare 1X EB from 10X EB stock according to notes on page 4 of the full-length guide. Resuspend the provided DTT in 50  $\mu\text{L}$  water (first use only) and resuspend one tube of IAA per sample in 20  $\mu\text{L}$  water.

Note: Never vortex the Resin Capture (RC)-tube alone. Always vortex by placing the RC-tube in a 1.5 mL or 2 mL tube as an adapter to avoid touching the bottom of the tube.

Note: If cleaned-up proteins are not going to be used for mass spectrometry, skip Steps 3 and 4 (Reduction and Alkylation) and resume at Step 5.

1. Add up to 40  $\mu\text{g}$  of protein sample in up to 18  $\mu\text{L}$  lysis buffer (LB) to a provided 1.5 mL tube.
  - a. Consult the full-length guide if you input volume is larger than 18  $\mu\text{L}$ .
2. Bring sample volume to 18  $\mu\text{L}$  with the provided LB.
3. Add 2  $\mu\text{L}$  DTT and incubate at 56°C for 30 minutes.
4. Add 2  $\mu\text{L}$  IAA and incubate at room temperature in the dark for 30 minutes.
5. Add 3.4  $\mu\text{L}$  ProMTag and vortex to mix. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature.
6. During the last 5-10 minutes of incubation, prepare the ProMTag capture resin as follows:
  - a. Vortex ProMTag capture resin to resuspend.
  - b. Place a RC-tube in a 2 mL waste collection tube and pipette 40  $\mu\text{L}$  of ProMTag capture resin into the RC-tube.
  - c. Add 200  $\mu\text{L}$  water and spin briefly to dry resin.
7. Bring tagged protein sample to a final volume of 40  $\mu\text{L}$  with LB.
8. Add protein sample directly to capture resin and tap gently to mix. Incubate with gentle rotation at room temperature for 15 minutes.
9. Wash the resin, discarding the flowthrough after each wash:
  - a. 1X 200  $\mu\text{L}$  with WB1
  - b. 2X 200  $\mu\text{L}$  with WB2
  - c. 2X 200  $\mu\text{L}$  with water
10. Add 40  $\mu\text{L}$  1X EB directly to capture resin and tap gently to mix. Incubate with gentle rotation at room temperature for 15 minutes.
11. Transfer RC-tube to a provided 1.5 mL low protein binding tube.
12. Spin briefly to collect protein sample. **DO NOT DISCARD.**
13. Add 40  $\mu\text{L}$  1X EB to the capture resin and incubate with rotation for 5 minutes.
14. Transfer the RC-tube back to the same collection tube from step 12 and spin briefly.
15. Concentrate sample with a vacuum concentrator if desired.